



## Next Generation Fluorescence Imaging

Smart Sensor Solutions

### General Information

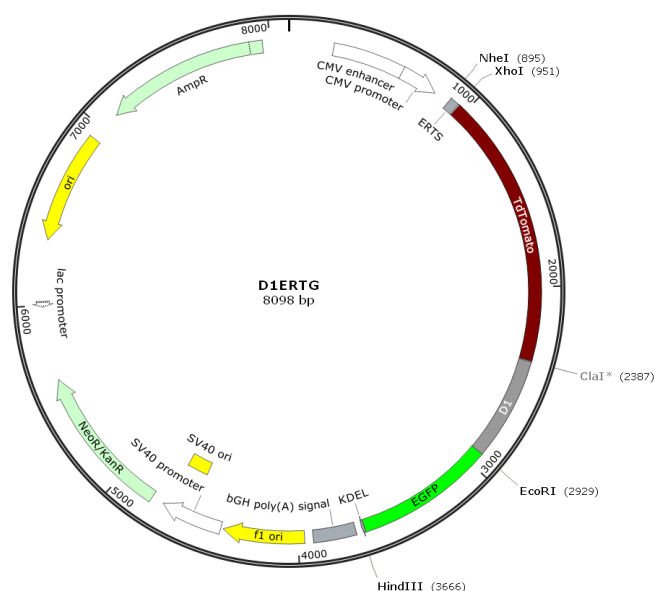
This product is non-toxic, non-contagious and is not intended for human use. The plasmid DNA in the package is synthetic and only for research and development purposes. It does not present any danger for humans, animals or the environment. The product is only for in vitro studies and is not for commercial use.

### D1ERTG vector

This vector has not been completely sequenced. All provided information regarding the vector composition was compiled using the information from published literature, other sources together with partial sequences obtained by NGFI.

### Vector description

D1ERTG is a genetically encoded FRET-based probe for imaging  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  within the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) of intact mammalian cells. In order to express D1ERTG in cells of interest, 20  $\mu\text{g}$  of purified endotoxin-free plasmid DNA coding for D1ERTG is provided. The plasmid coding for D1ERTG represents a mammalian expression vector with a strong viral promoter. For plasmid amplification in *E. coli* ampicillin should be used. 1 – 1.5  $\mu\text{g}$  DNA is required for cell transfection in a single well of a standard 6-well dish following standard transfection procedures. Usually cells express high amounts of D1ERTG 24 – 48 hours after cell transfection. Standard optical filters for GFP/RFP or alternatively GFP/OFP FRET imaging should be used. The vector can be also used as a source of D1ERTG coding sequence. Flanking restriction sites are convenient for excision of D1ERTG sequence and its further insertion into other expression vectors of choice.



### Expression in mammalian cells

D1ERTG vector can be transfected into mammalian cells by any known transfection method. CMV promoter provides strong, constitutive D1ERTG expression in eukaryotic cells.

### Propagation in *E. coli*

Suitable host strains for propagation in *E. coli* include DH5alpha, HB101, XL1-Blue, and other general purpose strains. The vector confers resistance to ampicillin (100  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ ) to *E. coli* hosts.

Note: The higher excitation wavelength of red-shifted cameleons ( $\sim 480 \text{ nm}$ ) allows a combination with UV-excitable chemical indicators such as fura-2 for simultaneous real-time imaging of  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  dynamic within cell organelles and the cytosol in a ratiometric manner.

### References

Waldeck-Weiermair M. (2015) "Generation of Red-Shifted Cameleons for Imaging  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  Dynamics of the Endoplasmic Reticulum" (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4507692/pdf/sensors-15-13052.pdf>)

NGFI - Next Generation Fluorescence Imaging GmbH

🏠 Neue Stiftingtalstrasse 6/6, 8010 Graz, Austria

☎ +43 316 385 71960

@ sales@ngfi.eu

🌐 www.ngfi.eu